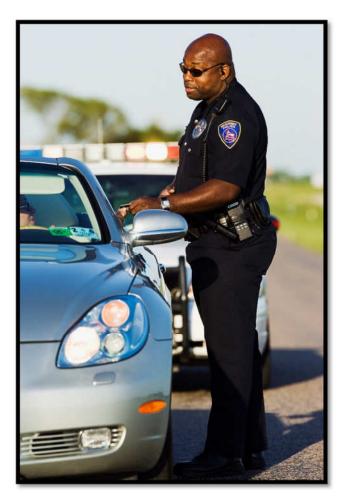
Getting Pulled Over

The Driving Instructor's Guide to Interacting with Law Enforcement at the Roadside









HOW to DRIVE

Goal of Module

To support discussions specifically about what drivers should do, and not do, during a traffic stop/interacting with law enforcement at the roadside. The module is intended for use in the classroom portion of:

- A novice driver education course A defensive driving/traffic offender course
- A fleet driving safety course A senior driving safety course.

Objectives:

- Reduce the risk to law enforcement and motorists during traffic stops;
- Enhance overall relations between law enforcement and motorists.

Designed to support 20-30 minutes of discussion on best practices, the Module can be modified for local use. Instructors should feel free to:

- Add in additional content, such as local and state information
- Use whichever parts they wish
- Adjust the content to their audience and time constraints.

Integration with AAA Driver Education & Training Programs/Curriculums

If you are using:	This module might best fit in:	
AAA How To Drive	Chapter 6: Traffic Laws	
Responsible Driving	Chapter 11: Sharing the Roadway with Others	
DriveRight (2010)	Chapter 7: Alcohol, Other Drugs, and Driving	
ADTSEA 3.0	Unit 8, Part 6: Sharing the Road with Emergency	
	Vehicles	
AAA Driver	Module 8:	
Improvement	Adverse Conditions & Driving Emergencies	
Program (DIP)		
AAA Roadwise	Module 6:	
Driver	Extending Your Safe Driving Career	



Traffic Stops: National Curriculum Content Standards		
Organization	Standard(s)	Information
American Driver and Traffic	12. Making Informed Consumer Choices	
Safety Education Association	12.4. Understand operator responsibilities www.adtsea.org	
(ADTSEA)	in regard to traffic stops.	
	12.4.1 Identify responsibilities and	
	behavior of the driver.	
Driving School Association	Rules of the Road, 1.1.6: F.	
of the Americas (DSAA)	Describe the responsibilities if stopped by www.thedsaa.org	
	law enforcement.	

In putting together these recommendations, AAA:

- Held Focus Groups with Law Enforcement Officers (LEOs) and driving instructors
- Obtained additional input from Law Enforcement Officers and leadership.

Acknowledgements

AAA wishes to express its appreciation to the following individuals for their input, support and guidance; this module would not exist without their help.

- Nina Saint
- Sue Falletich
- Marge Weinlein
- Thomas Howie
- Nicole McGarity
- Patti Armstrong
- Mike Borkowski
- Terry Nachtigal
- Ned Ferris

- Jerry Turbyfill
- Tom "Elvis" Clifford
- Steve Phillips
- Jeremy Osborne
- Jeff Grosso
- Mike Belcuore
- J.J. Miller
- Scott Leonard
- Michelle Atwell

- Jim Kubek
- Robert Harris, Jr.
- Dennis Tate
- Leslie Morrison
- Bobbi Carlson
- Will Richardson
- Bill Murphy
- Angelo Longo
- Dr. Erin Floyd Bann

And a special thank you to NHTSA, which has remained steadfastly engaged in driver education:

- By supporting ANSTSE (The Association of National Stakeholders in Traffic Safety Education);
- By supporting the creation and maintenance of the *Novice Teen Driver Education and Training Administrative Standards*, the first-ever national driver education standards, belonging to the driver education community as a whole.

Please visit AAA Driver Training Programs at https://drivertraining.aaa.biz to:

- Download additional "mini-modules" similar to this one;
- Review AAA's other driving safety-related resources;
- Sign up to receive AAA's free instructor e-newsletter, *The Accelerator*.



Introduction

- Most of the time when you're on the road, it will be smooth sailing, if you:
 - See *everything* going on around you
 - Don't interfere with other drivers
 - Keep enough space around you
 - And stay focused on driving
- But not always...
 - Some drivers *never* experience a collision
 - But almost *every* driver gets pulled over by law enforcement- at least once during their driving career
 - And this has the potential to be a very positive event, or very dangerous event- for both:
 - The driver
 - And the Law Enforcement Officer (LEO)
 - [feel free to user your preferred local terminology instead of "LEO"- Officer, Police Officer, Peace Officer, etc.]
- That's why we're discussing getting pulled over today
 - Since it's pretty likely that you'll be pulled over some day, you need to know:
 - What your responsibilities are
 - What to do and not do when stopped at the roadside
 - And how you can minimize the risks to yourself and to the LEO
 - Nobody likes getting pulled over, but talking now about how to respond when it happens can really pay off later, when it really does happen
- Who here has been pulled over, or been a passenger when your vehicle was pulled over?

	Nervous? Angry?
What was it like? How did	Scared? Inconvenienced?
you feel?	Surprised? Amused?
you icei.	Other?
	A driver may feel any of these, or other things, when
Or if you were a passenger,	they are pulled over
how did the driver seem to	It's actually pretty normal to have some sort of
feel?	emotional reaction when you see the flashing lights
	behind you
[Discuss responses as appropriate]	But drivers need to know that:
	• Being pulled over is not always going to be a
	bad experience
	Panicking generally only makes things worse



How about the Law	May be somewhat anxious or nervous
Enforcement Officer? What	May be on high alert, because of some other nearby
might be going through their	event
0 0 0 0	May be on edge a bit because they just finished
mind?	working a crash in which someone was injured or
What is <i>their</i> perspective?	killed
	But it's the LEO's job to enforce the laws of the road
	They want to go home safe tonight, just like you do

	Speeding
	Tailgating
Why might you get pulled	Weaving in your lane
over?	Changing lanes unsafely or very frequently
UVCI :	Improper turns
	Unsafe passing
What reasons could an LEO	Being distracted behind the wheel
have to pull you over and have	Tail light malfunctioning
a chat?	Discuss others as brought up by students
	Generally, any traffic infraction could justify an
	LEO pulling you over

	Could be that you are driving a vehicle similar to
	one just used in a nearby crime, such as a:
	• Fuel station "drive off"
	• A hit-and-run collision
Why might you get pulled over	The LEO may only have a general description of the type and color of vehicle they should be watching for
for a reason <i>other</i> than having	The LEO may have seen two similar vehicles next
committed a traffic offense?	each other, one of which was speeding
committee a traine offense.	• They may pull you, the innocent driver, over
	• And then quickly determine that it was the <i>other</i> vehicle they wanted to pull over
	Some departments pull people over for safe driving!
	- Sometimes the LEO gives those drivers a gift
	certificate as a reward for good driving!
	- So getting pulled over is not necessarily
	always a negative experience!



- One way to look at traffic stops is to break them down into a sequence of steps
 - To make discussion easier, we will sort the stop into three steps:
 - 1. Pulling over

•

- 2. The officer approaching your vehicle
- 3. Conversations with the officer

Step 1: Pulling Over

- After you see the flashing lights behind you, the first step is pulling over
- *How* you do that is likely to affect how the traffic stop turns out

After you see the flashing lights behind you:		
What's the 1 st thing you should do?	Communicate to the LEO that you see them	
	This lets them know that:	
	• You see them	
	• You will be pulling over	
What's the 2 nd thing you should do?	Safely pull over	
	- In a safe location	
	- You need to get stopped, out of the traffic	
	lane	

Whiteboard Exercise

What are some things you should do, and some things you should not do, when you see the flashing lights behind you?

Do's	Don'ts
Let the LEO know that you see them-	Accelerate
Communicate!	
• Could wave at them	
Could turn on your hazard flashers	
• (Could do both)	
• Other ways?	
Reduce your speed until you pull over	Attempt to evade
Don't freak out!	Reach for any object, or into the glovebox,
- Stay calm, and focus on pulling over	console or other closed area, or under your
safely	seat or down to the floorboard
Pull over to the right, generally	Pull over to the left, unless completely safe to



	do so
Pull over in a safe location with plenty of	Attempt to grab your license, or other
room around you	documents before the officer approaches and
• You may need to turn your hazard flashers off for a bit, so you can signal to as you pull over	asks you to do so
Other?	Other?

So, the keys at this point are:

- Communicating to the LEO that you see them
- Safely pulling over in a safe location

	A position safe for you and your vehicle
	Out of the traffic flow
	A position safe for the LEO and their vehicle
What would be a safe location?	Enough room for the LEO to bring their vehicle to a
What would be a safe location:	stop, out of traffic
	Plenty of room for the LEO to walk around your
	vehicle
	You might need to pull onto a side street or into a
	parking lot
	In the middle of the traffic lane
	In an intersection
What would be some unsafe	In a position where part of your vehicle is sticking
	out into the traffic lane
locations?	Along a guardrail or other barrier that would provide
	limited space for the LEO to approach your vehicle
	Some curves, including blind curves
	Other?

Put vehicle in Park



Now that you're pulled over in a safe place, what should you do next?	 Take foot off the brake Otherwise it might look like you are about to drive off Remain in the vehicle Do not get out unless asked to by the LEO!
	Turn radio down to zero volume- completely silent Roll your window down all the way - Not just part-way - Keep other windows raised Others?
And if you are pulled over at night, what else should you do?	Turn your vehicle's interior light on This allows the LEO see what's going on in your vehicle even more clearly Others?

State-Specific Content: Pulling Over	
Information about <u>(vour</u> <u>state)</u> laws regarding	
pulling over during a traffic	
• Laws	
• Rules [to be filled in by Instructor before class]	

Revisiting Key Points:	
What are the keys to success in	Your actions!
Step 1?	• How you initially communicate to the LEO
	• How you safely pull over
	Your appreciation of the LEO's concerns!
	• Stopping in a location with plenty of room

- Next, the LEO will approach your vehicle
- Let's talk about that process



Step 2: The Officer Approaching Your Vehicle

- To start, it may be a minute or two before the LEO approaches your vehicle
 - Before they get out of their vehicle, they may tell their department that they are engaged in a traffic stop
 - They may also look up your vehicle, based on its license plate
- Remember, your driver window should already be down all the way

	Best Answer: Make your hands visible!
	When harm comes to an LEO, most of the time it's
	related to something a driver does with their hands
	Holding a weapon
	• Throwing something
	Thus, LEOs are trained to watch a driver's hands as
	they approach
	So make sure your hands are:
	• Empty!
As the LEO approaches your	• Visible!
vehicle, what should you do?	One Option:
	• Place your hands on the steering wheel
	• At the "10 & 2" position
	Another Option:
	• Extend your hands out the window a bit
	• This makes your hands very visible to the
	LEO
	• [see image below]
	Do this as soon as you see the officer exit their
	vehicle
What result might this have, in	This will go a long way to showing that you:
terms of the LEO's safety	• Are not a threat
concerns?	• Recognize the LEO's safety concerns
	• Are making a sincere effort to help keep the
	LEO safe





Driver extending their hands out the window a bit.

- Keep in mind that the LEO may approach your vehicle from the <u>right</u> side
- So you may need to roll down the right side window

What should you do if you have passengers with you?	 Front Seat Passengers: Put hands on the dash And keep them there Back Seat Passengers: Put hands on head restraints/back of front seats And keep them there The LEO has to be concerned about the actions of everyone in the vehicle
--	--



State-Specific Content: Officer Approaching Your Vehicle	
Information about <u>(your</u> <u>state)</u> laws regarding the officer approaching the vehicle during a traffic stop • Laws • Rules [to be filled in by Instructor before class]	

Revisiting Key Points:	
What are the keys to success in	Your actions!
Step 2?	• Preparing your vehicle:
1	- Vehicle in Park
	- Foot off the brake
	- Radio volume down to zero
	Your appreciation of the LEO's concerns!
	Showing your hands

• Next, we'll talk about the conversation you're about to have with the LEO



Step 3: Conversations with the Officer

- OK, so you've pulled over in a safe place
- You're prepared your vehicle and yourself to present no sort of threat to the LEO as they approach the vehicle
- Now it's down to business- actually talking through the issue (or issues) with the LEO

What's the first thing you want	Why you were pulled over!
to know?	It's normal to want to know that right away
What's the first thing the LEO needs to know?	Who they're dealing with! - Exactly who you are
Why do they need to know that?	For their own safety! They don't know yet if you're a law-abiding citizen Or if you're the most dangerous, murderous, insane criminal ever seen in the state That's why they need to get a sense of who you are- right away - Often before you ever get to why you were pulled over For an LEO, there's no such thing as a "routine" traffic stop - They have to be prepared to respond to a whole range of behaviors by any driver
How should you refer to the LEO?	 "Officer" is generally good "Sir" or "Mam" also show respect
What should you say if the LEO asks you if you know why you were pulled over?	 Be honest! OK to say something like: "Probably because I was making an idiot of myself by speeding" (or whatever the offense was) The LEO might find this response refreshing and positive Be open to the possibility that you were pulled over for a legitimate offense



- That is why you should let the LEO start the conversation
 - And answer all their questions
 - Keep it short and sweet
- Regarding learning why you were pulled over:
 - Be patient!
 - You will learn why soon enough
- Be courteous and polite!
 - Law enforcement is a tough job
 - Extending some politeness and courtesy to the LEO can make a big difference
- How you respond to the LEO will set the tone for the entire traffic stop

Whiteboard Exercise

What are some things you should do, and some things you should not do, when you are talking with the LEO?

Do's	Don'ts
Be polite	Immediately ask why you were pulled over
Be courteous	Argue you case
	• At the roadside is not the place to
	argue or plead your case
	• You will have plenty of opportunity to
	fight your case later- in court
Be 100% honest	Being contentious
Do as you are instructed	Ask questions
Answer only what is asked	Defend your actions
Listen	Complain
Relax	Call the LEO names
Be patient	Be a jerk
Be respectful	Attempt to bribe the LEO
Other?	Other?



What will the LEO likely ask	Driver's license
you to show them?	Proof of insurance/financial responsibility
	Vehicle registration

- A good practice is to have these documents every time you drive
- Many drivers put these documents in the glove box or center console

· · · · ·	X7 'C 1'' 11' 1
Are you required to produce	Yes- if you are driving on a public road
these documents to law	You have a choice
enforcement?	• If you do not wish to be subject to this
	requirement, do not drive on public roads!
	The state owns it!
Let's Review:	• You do not
	• The license belongs to the state, which has
Who owns your driver's	granted you the ability to drive
license?	• Driving is not a right; it is a privilege granted
ncense:	to those who drive safely
	• Thus, the state, in the form of the LEO, can
	request to see the license at any time
	Yes!
Can I get in trouble if I choose	• Such a decision would be viewed as you
to not provide these	being uncooperative
documents?	• You could lose your driver's license, and your
uocuments:	driving privileges
	• [could cover relevant state laws]
Who is in charge at this point?	The LEO is in charge
0 1	• The state grants them the authority to conduct
	traffic stops

When should you reach for these documents?	Only after the LEO asks you to provide them!Do not go searching for them until you are askedIf the LEO sees you reaching for something (a) as you pull over or (b) as they approach your vehicle• For their safety, they must assume you are reaching for a weapon, or hiding somethingSo wait until the LEO as at your window, and has asked you for these documents
--	--

First, tell the LEO that you would be happy to



How should you reach for these documents?	 provide the documents Second, tell the LEO the location of each document, one at a time Then ask if you may reach for the object Example: "Officer, my driver's license is in my wallet, in my right rear pocket. May a reach for it?"
	 If possible, reach for the documents with one hand Best if you can leave one hand on the steering wheel, completely visible to the LEO And reach for the documents slowly No sudden moves- no need to rush

How Could Your Passengers Mess Things Up?	Could say something offendingCould interrupt the LEO's discussion with youSo tell your passengers to keep quiet!And if one of your passengers says anythingunhelpful, such as:• "It's OK officer- he always drives that way when he's drunk"• "You're not going to search the trunk, are you officer?"You need some new friends!
--	--

OPTIONAL CONTENT

What if you have a weapon in the vehicle?	 Tell the LEO about it early in the conversation LEOs need to know about any weapon in the vehicle They will generally appreciate your concern for their safety If you have a concealed weapons permit, you about mention that too
	 should mention that too Example: "Just so you know, there's a loaded weapon in the vehicle. It's legal- how would you like to proceed?" Also: It better be legal for you (or passenger) to have it in the vehicle!

• Understand that there will often be two discussions with the LEO:



1. The initial discussion, during which the LEO obtains your documents

- 2. A second discussion, after which they have checked you out on the department's database
 - In this case, the LEO will approach your vehicle a second time
 - Make sure your hands are just as visible as the first time they approached

	If you received a citation:
	If you received a citation:
	• Take it with as much grace as possible
	• Also be sure that you understand the citation,
	and your next steps
	Thank the LEO
	• You might not want to
	• But the LEO is actually just doing their job
Wrapping up the traffic stop	• One of their key roles is to work to prevent
	crashes
	• Be polite the entire time!
	Do not drive away until the LEO says it's OK to do
	SO
	Be very careful pulling back into traffic!
	• You will have just had a bit of an emotional
	experience
	• Too many drivers simply pull directly into an
	active traffic lane, without looking
	• Be safe when getting back on the road!

- If you wish to submit a compliment or a complaint about how the LEO handled the traffic stop, you have that right
 - Contact the LEO's department
 - Ask how to submit the compliment or complaint
 - Law enforcement departments are generally quite concerned with this type of input from citizens

State-Specific Content: Conversations with the Officer



Information about <u>(your</u> <u>state)</u> laws regarding talking with the officer during a traffic stop • Laws • Rules	
[to be filled in by Instructor before class]	

Revisiting Key Points:		
What are the keys to success in	Your attitude!	
Step 3?	• How respectful you are	
*	• The tone of your voice	
	 Your courtesy toward the LEO 	
	Your actions!	
	• When you do things	
	• How quickly you do things	
	Your appreciation of the LEO's concerns!	
	• Your recognition of their perspective and	
	responsibilities	



Optional Exercises/Classroom Activities

Conduct a role-playing demonstration	Set up 4 classroom chairs to match the location of seats in a vehicle Have a student sit in each chair The Instructor could play the role of the LEO • Help demonstrate a "simulated" traffic stop Alternatively, the Instructor could play the role of the driver • With a student playing the role of the LEO
	Instructor could demonstrate both positive and negative responses as the driver Class can discuss experience after the demonstration

	Create a graphic-only version of the lesson's key points • No words or text
Group Projects	• Images and drawings only Create a summary of the lesson's key points, to go on a single 3x5 card
Students could be put into groups to:	• Instructor could then print out copies of the card for students to keep in their vehicles
	Conduct an engaging demonstration/"skit" that summarizes the lesson's key points
	Create a draft tri-fold brochure summarizing the key points



Summary



- Sometimes you will see another driver pulled over ahead on the road
- What should you do?
- Slow down and/or move over!
 - This is a very dangerous situation for:
 - LEO's
 - Emergency road service providers
 - EMS responders
 - If only one lane going your way:
 - Slow way down
 - Don't want to rush by the scene
 - o If two or more lanes going your way:
 - Safely change lanes to move away from the scene
 - If you cannot safely change lanes, slow way down
 - [cover your state's specific laws regarding responding to emergency responders at the roadside]
 - o Next time it might be you needing assistance at the roadside!
- One more tip: Don't drive when you're emotional!
 - Example: Just broke up with significant other
 - It will affect how you interact with law enforcement
 - Will generally make things worse
 - o So, stay off the roads until you cool off



- You can pretty much count on being pulled over at some point in your driving career
- Traffic stops can be risky
 - That's why we're talking about them
 - Helping cover key points that can help you *prevent* any trouble from occurring
- Always make the contact as positive as possible
 - And that can be hard work!
 - The more positive your attitude, the better the outcome will be
 - o Generally, your attitude will be reflected by the LEO- whatever it is

Keys to a safe and civil traffic stop	Attitude
	How you respond
	Actions
	• What you do and don't do
	Appreciation
	• Your appreciation for the LEO's safety,
	perspective, and responsibilities
	[Hey look- the abbreviation of those is "AAA"!
	• Wow- what a coincidence!]

- Law enforcement is a tough job
- If you make the traffic stop easier and safer, the LEO will feel less at risk
 - If they feel less at risk, they may be more appreciative of your concerns for their safety
 - The outcome might be better
- [Questions/Discussion]



Additional Resources

Organizations	
International Association of	www.iacp.org/
Chiefs of Police (IACP)	
National Highway Traffic	www.nhtsa.gov
Safety Administration	
(NHTSA)	

Supporting Videos: Traffic Stops		
Title (hyperlinked to video)	Source	Access
Traffic Stop PSA	Tampa PD	www.youtube.com/watch?v=-9QgH_ANill
Ride Along with Us:	Fairfax County	www.youtube.com/watch?v=rcnrszOQlcQ
What to Expect on	Police	
a Traffic Stop		
	Boca Raton	www.youtube.com/watch?v=fMxfEZA9QK8
Traffic Stop Safety	Police Services	•
	Department	
What to Expect	Sarasota	www.youtube.com/watch?v=gKK0tvbi-js
During a Traffic	Sheriff	
<u>Stop</u>		

- Note: AAA does not endorse any of these videos; links are provided for instructors' convenience only. Prior to showing in the classroom, be sure to review each one in its entirety.

